With the completion, although continual revision, of the Intelligence Subject Code, and the adoption of the (AMS) Army Map Service Area Geographic Codes, thought was also given to other necessary codes to be punched into the IBM card. Dr. Andrews issued a memorandum on 3 January 1949 to "All H nds, OCD" on the subject of security classification, establishing the uniform codes to be be used throughout OCD on all IBM punch cards. The Procedure Manuals of the Intellofax (1949, 195450,1960, 1969) System show the security classifications with the various controls which evolved, ever the years. In 1949 in addition to the actual security classifications, there were only two types of controls -- US Officials Only and CIA Internal Use Only. Over the years, others were added to the coding pattern so that by the machines could elimibate certain document citations with such controls as Controlled Dissemination, Warning Notice- Sensitive Sources, No Dissem Abroad, No Foreign Dissem, etc.

Source Locator Bourdene Manual

The first IBM punch cards contained a six
digit code to represent the source agency of the document.

June

The first two digits In 1918 the Library issued the

No. 1. Entitled the

No. 1. Entitled the Library Bulletin and /1t/etplatned the Locator System,

it explained that the intelligence document files in the Library

had been set up according to "A" files and "S" files. An arbitrary

division it was devesed for practical and simplified location

and filing of documents. "A" files included mainly attache reports

Excluded from outcommit

and State despatches CEC Definas CIA raw intelligence, intelligence

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These same designations or codes were also used

for for indicating the source of a document on the first

Intellefax cards. The first number in the locator was a two
digit code assigned to the particular agency, in the case of the
attache reports the \*\*sepphh/\*\*hh/\*\*twiff\*/ remaining four digits

were the country and the post for "A" type documents and

branch and division of the agency for "S" type documents.

Thus, O5A0601 referred to Army, attache report from

Brazil, Rio de Janeiro, and O5S0601 referred to Army, series

type document from Far East Command, ATIS. These same designations

or codes were also used for indicating the source of the document
on the Intellofax punch cards.

By June 1, 1949 it was necessary to issue a second bulletin because of numerous changes in organizational divisions of government agencies. In the intervening year, in addition to the "A" and "S" type categories, four more had been added: "C"- correspondence and Executive Registry material, "G"- basic intelligence studies, "L"- bibliographies and "P"- press. By February 1950m these arbitrary type designations were no longer punched into the IBM card. These

Intellofax Chronology

6-digit
The pasts source locators remained basically unchanged

until May 1954 when specific city or post locators for Army, Navy, no longer considered necessary for retrieval. and Air attache reports were Not until January 1956

was the 2 digit source locator used for everything except CIA and foreign government reports and Top Secret reports.

01 - Air 02 - C/A 03 - tavy 04 - State 05 SECRIT Army 06 - polenes in green 07 - 14 the Evernment age

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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Source Exister -